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THE NRO STAFF

19 May 1970

MEMORANDUM FOR CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON IMAGERY REQUIREMENTS AND EXPLOITATION

SUBJECT: CORONA Requirements

REFERENCES: (a) Memo, Subj: Imagery Reconnaissance Requirements, dtd 12 May 1969 w/3 Atchs)

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- (b) Memo, Subj: Projected CORONA Satisfaction of USIB Requirements, FY 1970 and 1971, dtd 14 August 1969 w/1 Atch)
- (c) Draft Memo for USIB, Subj: Modification of CORONA Requirements, dtd 14 May 1970, w/1 Atch

This memorandum comments on the most recent modification of the CORONA collection requirements, reference (c), prior to their submittal to USIB for approval.

It has been noted that most of the NRO suggestions toward improving the CORONA collection requirements, reference (a), either have been acted upon by reference (c) and the latest requirements, or have been overtaken by events and are no longer pertinent. Accordingly, the following comments concerning reference (c) are provided:

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a. The NRO recommends deletion of the 2.5-million-square-nautical-mile requirement, paragraph 5c. This requirement is covered by paragraph 6 which addresses mission-to-mission requirements without a limitation of assignment of film. Since the 2.5 million-mile requirement is not geographically defined, except as being outside the Bloc, there is no way of distinguishing between this requirement and the mission-to-mission, one-time current intelligence requirement.

NRO review(s) completed.

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b. Since there is a fixed number of CORONA systems left in the program, a no-film-limit, mission-by-mission stated requirement (paragraph 6) does not present a system sizing or procurement problem. However, unless it is closely monitored, this kind of requirement can seriously impact satisfying the standing USIB search requirements.

Reference (b) provides projected search requirements satisfaction levels based on a reduced CORONA launch rate and assumed 20 percent and 40 percent film allocations for mission-to-mission surveil-lance requirements. The 20 percent figure was based upon historical records prior to 1969. However, in 1969 this average rose to 30 percent for the year, excluding Missions 1050 and 1051. The first 1970 mission, Mission 1109, consumed approximately 35 percent of the film for one-time requirements, including the Middle East.

c. The map attachment to reference (c) has technical errors. North Vietnam has been omitted. Mongolia was not previously a requirement; therefore, the area depicted in red has been added as a semiannual search requirement and the area in white has been added as an annual search requirement.

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Assistant Deputy Director Satellite Operations Center

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MEMORANDUM FOR CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON IMAGERY REQUIREMENTS AND EXPLOITATION

SUBJECT: Projected CORONA Satisfaction of USIB Requirements, FY 1970 and 1971

REFERENCES: (a) USIB D-41.15/79 (COMOR D-48/115, dated 16 Sept 1966), approved 8 Nov 1966

(b) USIB D-46.4/27 (COMIREX D-13.16/3, dated 4 Feb 1969), approved 27 Feb 1969

(c) USIB D-46.9/19 (COMIREX D-16.2/1, dated 11 Apr 1969), noted 23 Apr 1969

Projections of expected CORONA satisfaction of USIB requirements for FY 1970 and FY 1971 are presented and explained in the attachment to this memorandum. It is the result of blending the findings of studies independently performed by CIA/OSP and in-house by the NRO Staff.

This analysis is operationally oriented and shows the trade-offs available by flying STB or UTB at varying altitudes under three operational philosophies. The subject of reduced resolution with increasing altitude is absent from this paper, since its effect on intelligence content is best answered by those representing the consumers who exploit CORONA photography.

Deputy Director for Satellite Operations

Attachment

Projected CORONA Satisfaction Levels

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PROJECTED CORONA SATISFACTION LEVELS FIVE MISSIONS PER YEAR

Problem.

This analysis addresses the problem of satisfying USIB requirements for CORONA under the dual handicaps of a launch rate reduction to five per year during fiscal years 1970 and 1971 and the possibility that ultra-thin-base (UTB) film will not become flight-qualified in the CORONA payload.

Background.

The expected satisfaction levels generated by this analysis are an amalgamation of the results of three separate studies, two performed by CIA/OSP and the third by NRO/SOC.

The first CIA/OSP study is an October 1968 computer simulation wherein climatology was applied to each access of the search areas to provide an expected search satisfaction level for any desired number of days on orbit per period without regard to the amount of film available.

The second CIA/OSP study is a July 1969 parametric analysis of CORONA history which, under varying conditions of film type and perigee altitude, presents the expected semiannual search satisfaction in terms of the portion of each year's film which is expended against that requirement.

The NRO/SOC study was presented to the DNRO in late May 1969 and is a mission-oriented approach, also based on CORONA history, in which each of the remaining CORONA payloads was flight-planned under various flight conditions in as real-life a manner as possible. Seasonally adjusted climatology in terms of probability of 90-100 percent cloud-free CORONA photography was employed, as was the interreaction of the five basic CORONA requirements in their demand for each mission's film.

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Each of the studies provide some measure of expected CORONA performance not available from the other two, yet each generally agree on the semiannual search satisfaction level which can be expected. Thus, the following presents the combined data and shows the tradeoffs between the various requirements which are available during a five-mission year.

Caution.

A note of caution is required in interpreting the average semiannual search satisfaction projections presented here. They are
based on as many as nine years of daily weather observations in the
Communist countries, but this is no guarantee that a mission launched
this November will actually encounter the weather which history says
should be expected. The semiannual search satisfactions are expressed
in terms of annual averages and the tolerance limits or confidence
level attendant to those satisfactions are about plus or minus 7 percent,
mainly due to the vagaries of weather. For example, a prediction of
67 percent average semiannual search satisfaction for UTB missions
flown at 85-nautical-mile perigees means that some average satisfaction
within the range of 60 percent to 74 percent can confidently be expected.

Additionally, CORONA history also demonstrates that the monthly satisfaction levels for semiannual search will fluctuate within about plus or minus 15 percent of the average level for that year.

Unusual and unpredictable requirements such as those levied against Mission 1051 in May of this year will also significantly affect satisfaction levels projected into the future.

Expected Satisfaction.

The USIB requirements for CORONA are well established and have been recently reviewed and confirmed. The difficulty of satisfying the five specific CORONA requirements is reviewed in the following paragraphs, being treated in light of the present stage of the 6-year-old CORONA program. They are considered in the order of increasing difficulty to satisfy.

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a. Mapping, Charting and Geodesy.

Over 75 percent of the coverage requirement for the primary instrument has been satisfied and the remainder is in climatologically unfavorable areas. MC&G photography will, under any launch rate or altitude condition, be attempted on every occasion that favorable weather is forecasted, and the small amount of film thus expended will have no appreciable effect on the satisfaction levels of the other CORONA requirements.

b. High-Priority Areas for One-Time Search and Surveillance.

Film expenditures against the high-priority areas (HPA's) and targets assigned by the ICRS on a mission-by-mission basis have, over the past 2 years, averaged 20 percent of each mission's film. Projections of CORONA satisfaction recently presented to the COMIREX, the DNRO, and the Executive Committee have employed the basic assumption that the current intelligence and special search and surveillance needs expressed by each mission's high-priority list will continue to be an important part of CORONA tasking and, thus, in the nominal cases presented, 20 percent of each future mission's film has been reserved for this purpose.

A trade-off is available between HPA usage and the most difficult to satisfy requirement for semiannual search. If no film were allocated for HPA's and the 20 percent thus 'saved' were expended against the semiannual search areas, an increase of about 5 percent in average semiannual search satisfaction could be expected. This holds true for any combination of UTB/STB films at perigee altitudes from 85 to 100 nautical miles in a five-mission year. An opposite trade-off, that of increasing the emphasis on HPA's to 40 percent of each mission's film, would result in lowering expected semiannual search satisfaction by about 10 percent.

c. Outside-the-Bloc Annual Search.

The outside-the-Bloc requirement for 2.5 million square nautical miles of cloud-free photography annually can be met with UTB film at any perigee under consideration and with STB film aboard a 100-nautical-mile mission.

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A trade-off is available here also in that the outsidethe-Bloc coverage can be suppressed in order to provide an increase of about 6 percent in average semiannual search satisfaction.

STB film at 85 nautical miles will provide only about one million square nautical miles of cloud-free coverage outside-the-Bloc if semiannual search coverage is to be protected, and that can only be obtained during the summer mission(s) when in-Bloc climatology is poor and relatively few good weather accesses are available in the search areas.

d. In-Bloc Annual Search.

The annual search requirement of 75 percent per year can be satisfied under any film and perigee combination considered herein. The extreme measure of completely ignoring the annual search requirement and applying that film to semiannual search would only improve its satisfaction by about 5 or 6 percent.

e. In-Bloc Semiannual Search.

Semiannual search is the CORONA requirement most difficult to satisfy and is also the most sensitive to a reduction in gross ground coverage capability—this capability is directly influenced by a reduced launch rate, the UTB film question, and perigee altitude.

Historically, CORONA satisfaction of this requirement has been in the range between 60 and 70 percent more often than it has been at any level outside that band. The average satisfaction in FY 68 was 64 percent and in FY 69 it was 71 percent. Two months during the past two years saw the 80 percent requirement level met or surpassed and both were directly attributable to the serendipitous Mission 1106 in February 1969.

The semiannual search satisfaction which can be expected from a five-mission year will vary with the operational philosophy employed to best satisfy the basic USIB requirements for CORONA and the mission-to-mission guidance which is received. Previous projections were based on the conditions that:

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- o Twenty percent of film reserved for HPA's.
- o Annual search would be protected.
- o A reduction in outside-the-Bloc search would be accepted to protect semiannual search for the lower altitude STB cases.
- o Outside-the-Bloc search could be completely satisfied without serious effect on semi-annual search for all UTB cases and STB at 100 nautical miles.
- o MC&G usage was generally protected since its effect on semiannual search was negligible.

These conditions are basically a "business as usual" approach and provided a range of average semiannual search satisfaction which varied from 53 percent to 67 percent for STB missions with perigee altitudes from 85 to 100 nautical miles. With UTB these values varied from 67 percent to 77 percent.

This paper also provides a range of expected semiannual search satisfaction levels for the unlikely, but illustrative, situation where all other requirements are ignored in order to maximize semiannual search. These values range from 62 percent to 82 percent for STB and from 82 percent to 91 percent for UTB at the perigees considered. A matrix of all expected satisfaction levels is shown on the last page for 24 different cases in which perigee altitude, film type, and operational philosophy vary. Eight of the cases show the effects of doubling HPA usage and concommitantly give an answer to the old question of "How much do HPA's hurt search?"

The numbers shown are valid for any isolated year, such as FY 1971. The semiannual search satisfaction to be expected for FY 1970 should be about 2 percent less because of beginning the fiscal year at the comparatively low level of 57 percent.

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Summary.

All five of the basic CORONA requirements must be considered with equal weight, since the USIB requirements statements do not assign any more emphasis to one than the others.

Three basic missions will provide satisfaction levels which have been historically acceptable: STB at 100 nautical miles perigee and UTB at either 85 or 90 miles. These three can be expected to provide 67 percent to 71 percent average semiannual search satisfaction while meeting the letter of the other four requirements.

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